

# Feasibility studies for the open-charm production in proton-antiproton reactions for the PANDA experiment

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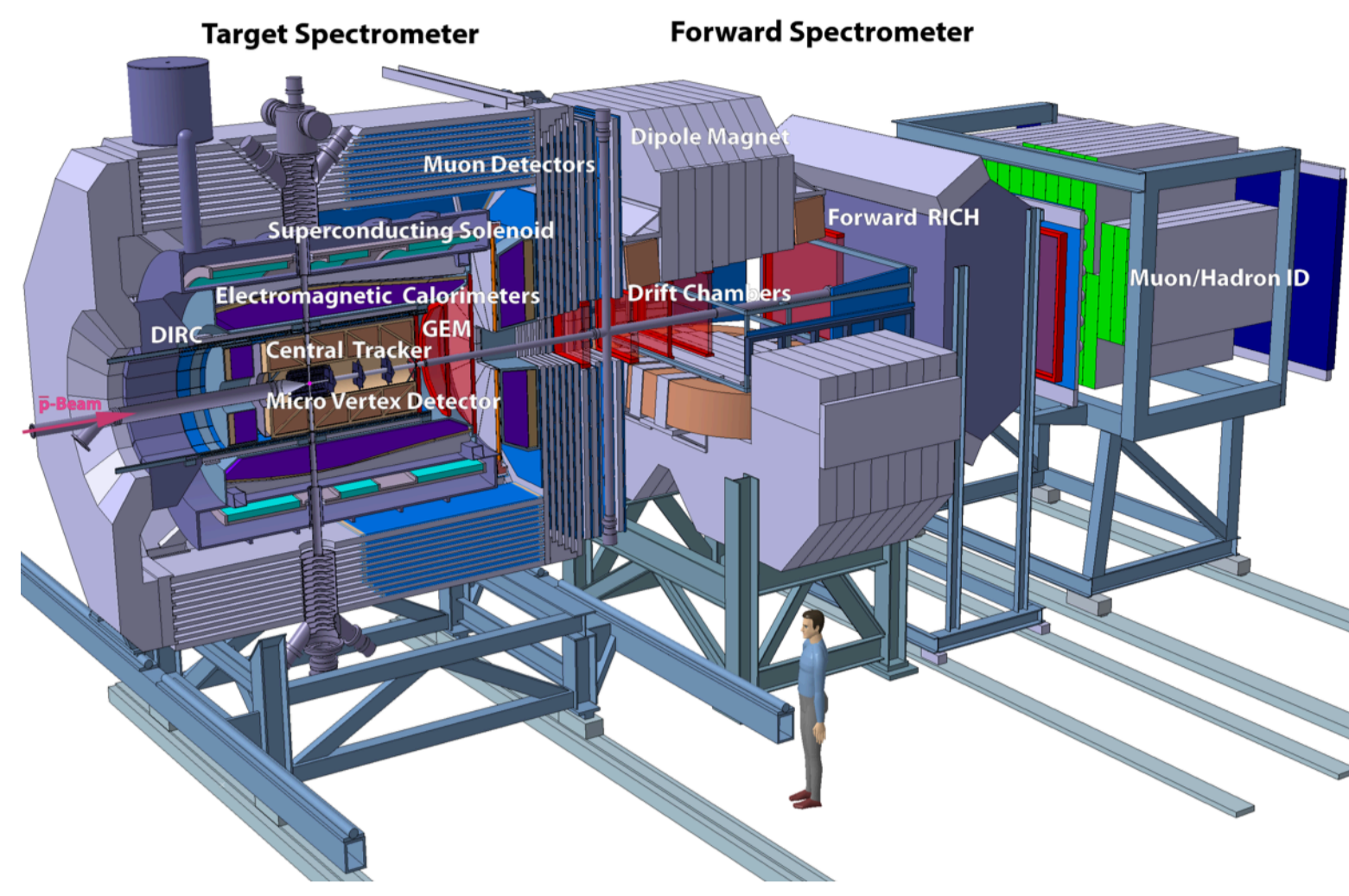


## PANDA experiment

### Physics program

#### Non perturbative QCD

- ◆ Charmonium spectroscopy
- ◆ Gluonic excitations
- ◆ Hypernuclear physics
- ◆ Hadrons in nuclear matter
- ◆ Electromagnetic processes
- ◆ Open-charm spectroscopy



#### Detector capabilities

- ◆ 4π acceptance
- ◆ High tracking resolution
- ◆ Very good particle identification and calorimetry

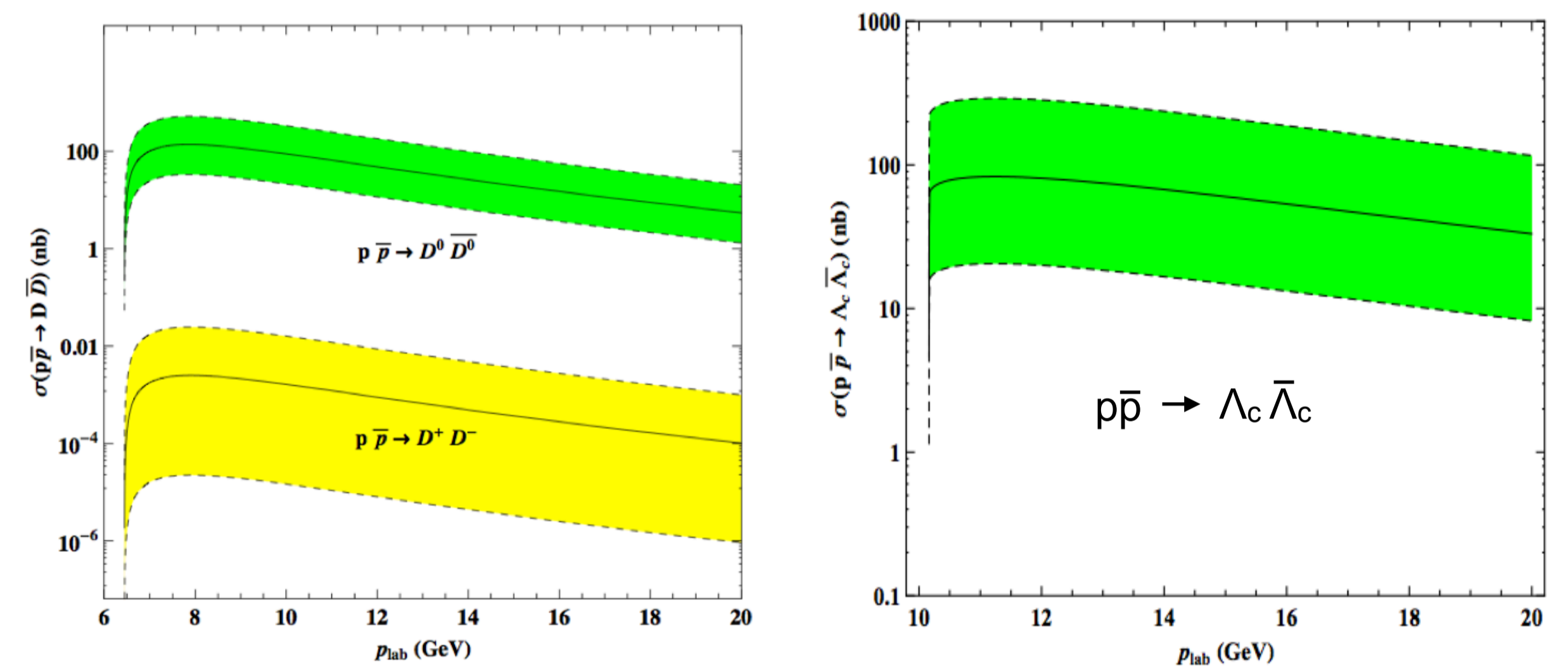
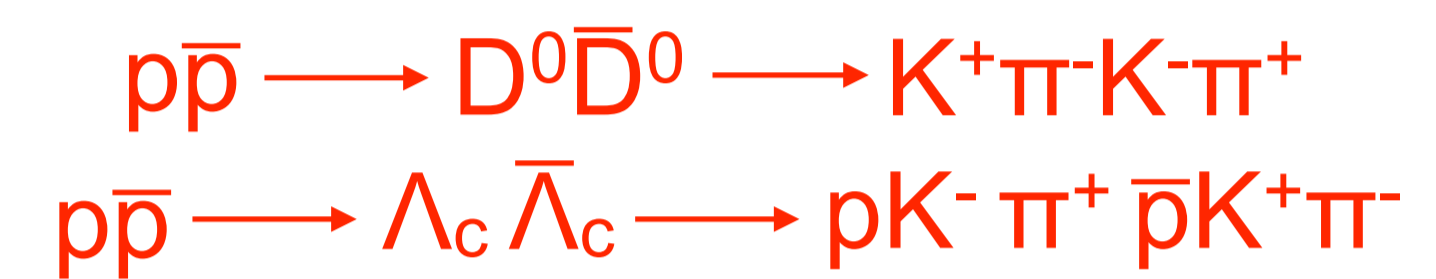
#### High Energy Storage Ring (HESR)

- ◆ Momentum range: 1.5 - 15 GeV/c
- ◆ Luminosity: up to  $2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$
- ◆ Production rate: max  $2 \times 10^7 \text{ sec}^{-1}$
- ◆  $\bar{p}$  momentum resolution:  $\sim 10^{-4} - 10^{-5}$

## Motivation

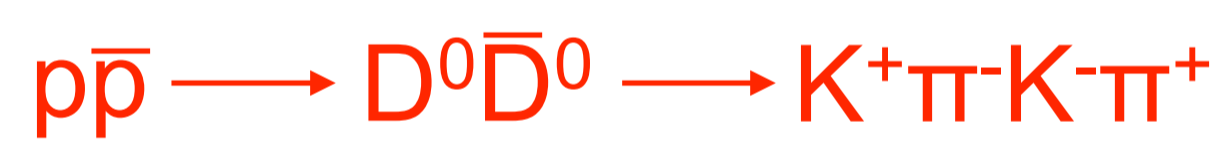
### Open charm physics

- ◆ Search for exotic states and missing (high L) open-charm mesons and baryons
- ◆ Electroweak decays of open-charm hadrons: search for new physics
- ◆ Charmonium spectroscopy above open-charm thresholds
- ◆ Open-charm production mechanisms in  $p\bar{p}$  annihilations
- ◆ Urgently needed: obtain cross sections for associative open-charm production (this work)

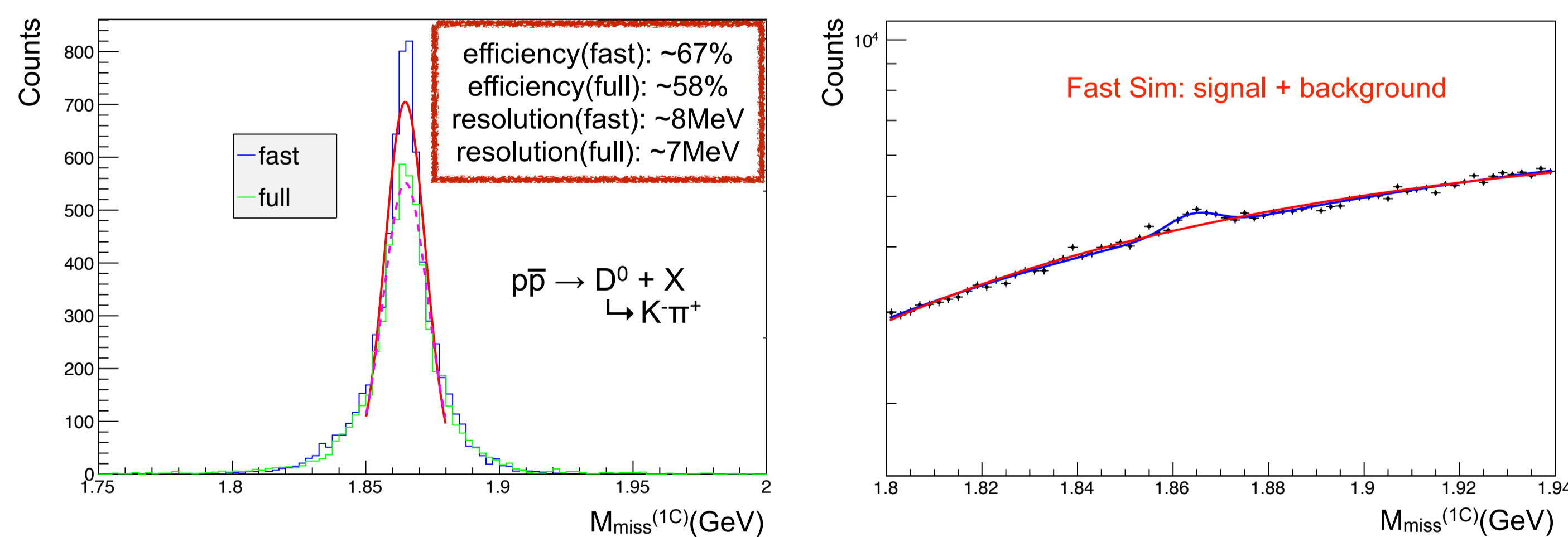


A.Khodjamirian et al, arXiv:1111.3798v2 [hep-ph] (2012)

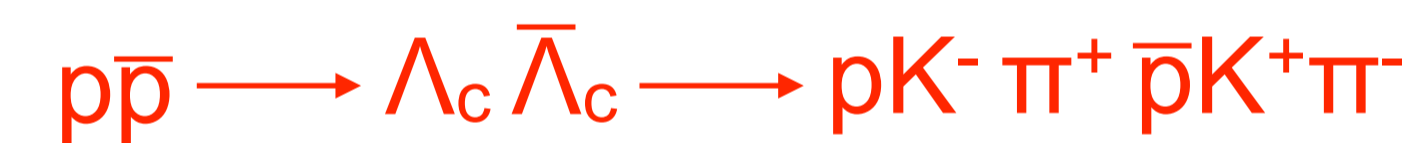
## MC simulation results I



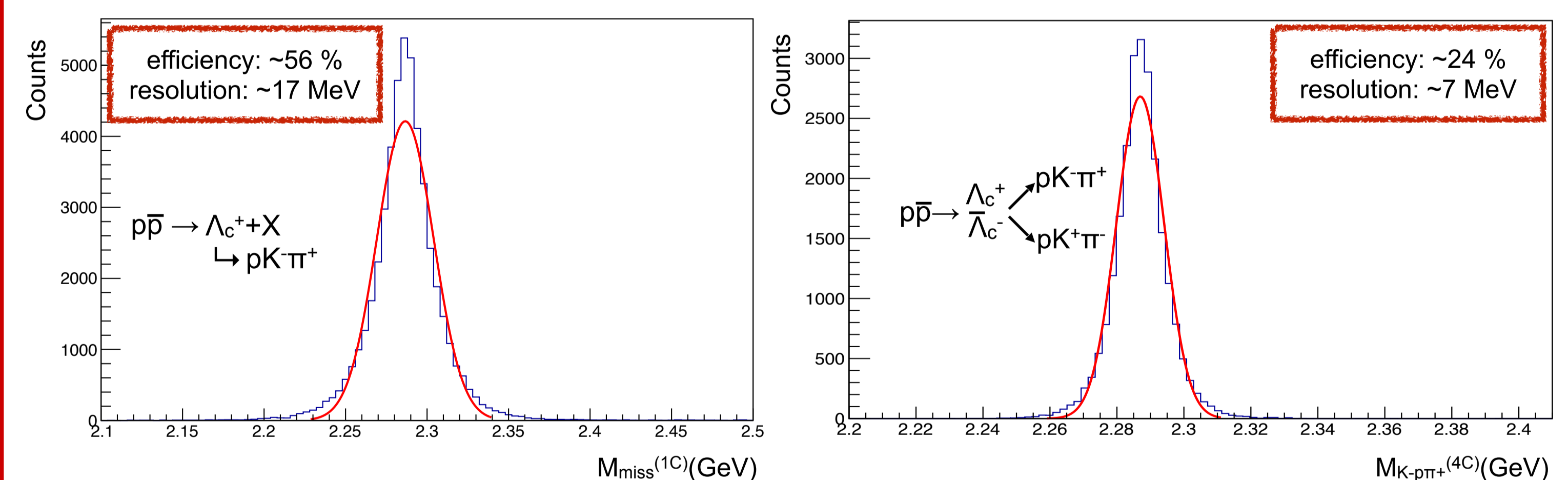
- ◆ Full simulation: GEANT3 simulation with full transport of particles
- ◆ Fast simulation: Parameterization of detector response
- ◆ Fast Sim vs Full Sim @ 8 GeV/c,  $10^4$  signal events
- ◆ Fast Sim @ 8 GeV/c,  $5 \times 10^3$  signal events +  $2.5 \times 10^9$  background events



## MC simulation results II



- ◆ Fast simulation: Parameterization of detector response
- ◆ Fast Sim @ 14 GeV/c,  $10^5$  signal events +  $10^9$  background events



## Figure of Merit (FOM)

- ◆ Background cross section:  $\sim 50 \text{ mb}$
- ◆ Branching fraction ( $p\bar{p} \rightarrow D^0 \bar{D}^0$ ):  $(3.9 \times 10^{-2})^2$  for exclusive mode,  $2 \times (3.9 \times 10^{-2})$  for inclusive mode
- ◆ Branching fraction ( $p\bar{p} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$ ):  $(5.0 \times 10^{-2})^2$  for exclusive mode,  $2 \times (5.0 \times 10^{-2})$  for inclusive mode
- ◆ Background suppression : for both channels  $10^7$  for exclusive (double tag) and  $10^4$  for the inclusive (single tag) mode was obtained by applying cuts on the event topologies and by using kinematic fits
- ◆ Improvements are in progress: studying vertex displacements and adding other decay modes

**Sensitivity of 100 nb feasible with a luminosity of  $10^{30} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ sec}^{-1}$  or better for an inclusive (single tag) analysis**

