

What to expect from this presentation?

Features of PANDA

Overall physics ambitions

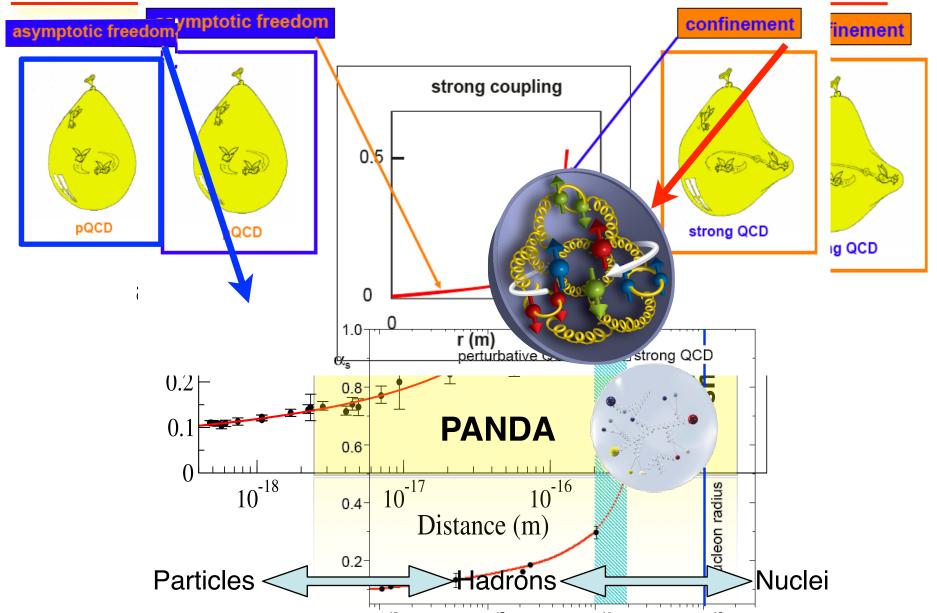
Focus: baryon studies from |S|=0-3

Focus: "Phase One"

Touch the "beyond" Phase One



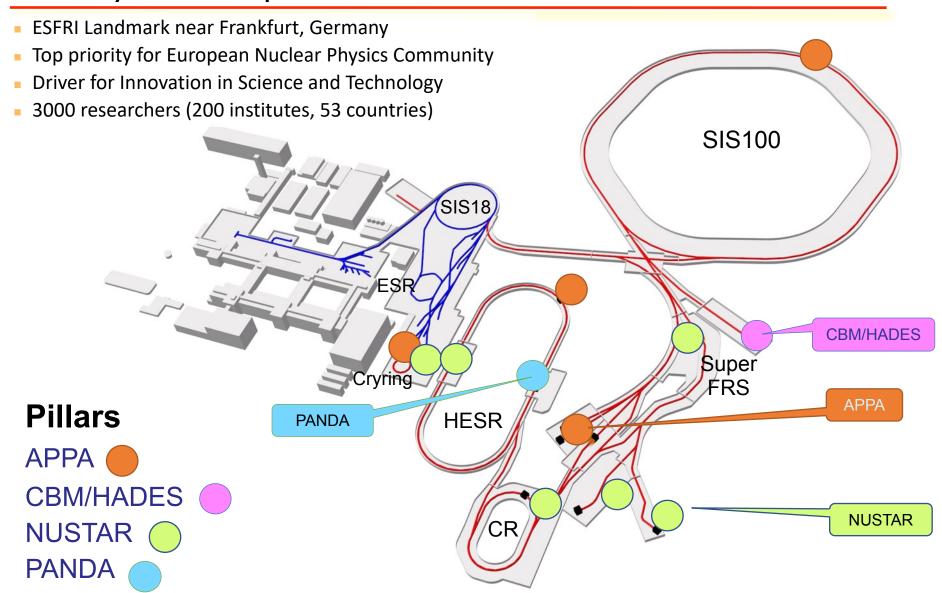
The dynamics of QCD!



Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research

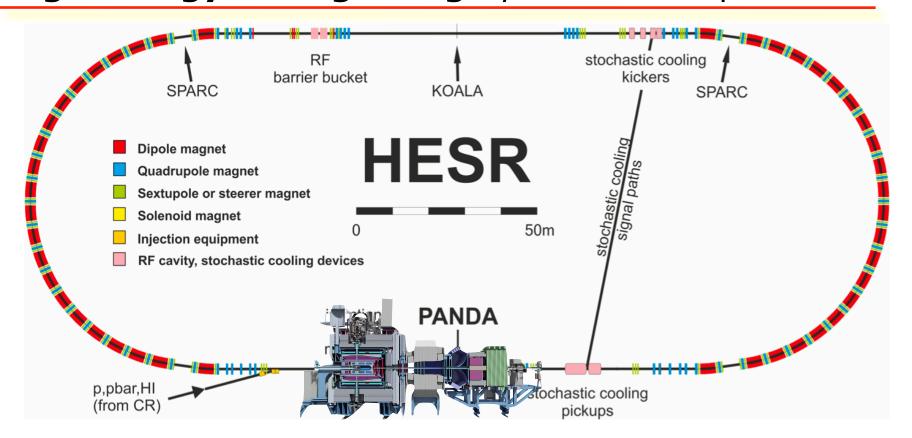


Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research





High Energy Storage Ring - precision antiprotons



MSV-HESR mode (Phase-1+2)

• Momentum range: 1.5 -15 GeV/c

Stochastic cooling: dp/p<5x10⁻⁵

• Accumulation: 10¹⁰ antiprotons in 1000 s

• Luminosity up to 2x10³¹ cm⁻²s⁻¹

+RESR (Phase-3)

10¹¹ antiprotons

2x10³² cm⁻²s⁻¹

Fanda HIM Helmholtz-Institut Mahz 15 5 11

Versatility 81 antiprotons

Large mass-scale coverage

- center-of-mass energies from 2 to 5.5 GeV
- from light, strange, to charm-rich hadrons
- from quark/gluons to hadronic degrees of freedom

High hadronic production rates

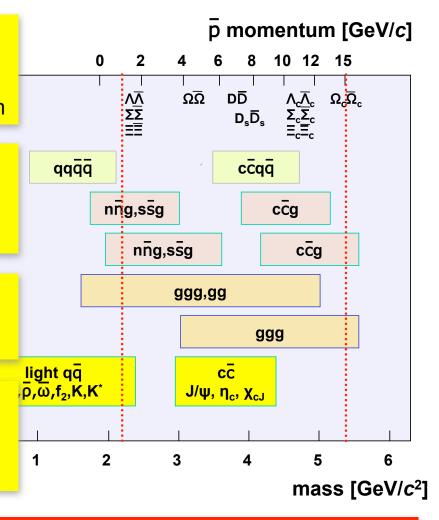
- charm+strange factory -> discovery by statistics!
- gluon-rich production -> potential for new exotics
- good perspectives already at "Day-One"!

Access to large spectrum of JPC states

- direct formation of all conventional JPC states
- large sensitivity to high spin states

Associated hadron-pair production

- access to hidden-strange/charm hadrons
- tagging possibilities
- near thresh.: good resolution and low background



Systematic and precise tool to rigorously study the dynamics of QCD



PANDA physics overview

CHARM S

STRANGE

Bound States

and Dynamics

of QCD

LIGHT

BELLEII, BESIII, COMPASS, JLAB, LHCb, ...

Spectroscopy

Hidden/open-charm states

Gluon-rich QCD states

Light-meson systems

BESIII, COMPASS, EIC, JLAB, ...

Nucleon Structure

Generalized parton distributions

Drell Yan process

Time-like form factors

Strangeness

Strange baryon spectroscopy

Hyperon production & polarization

Hyperon transition form factors

Nuclear Physics

Hadrons in nuclei

Hyperon-nucleon dynamics

Hyper-atoms and nuclei

BESIII, JLAB, JPARC, HADES, MAMI, ELSA, ...

CBM, HYPHI, JPARC, ...

Staging of PANDA

Day-One

Phase 1

Phase 2

Phase 3

- Startup detector
- 5 pb⁻¹

- Startup detector
- 0.5 fb⁻¹

- Full detector
- 1 fb⁻¹

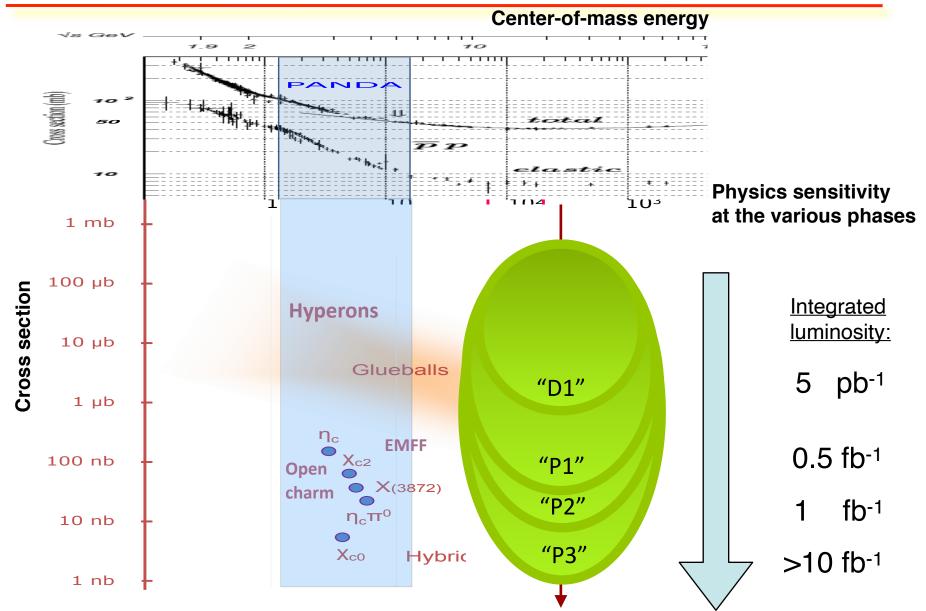
- Full detector
- 10 fb⁻¹



Today: Phase 0

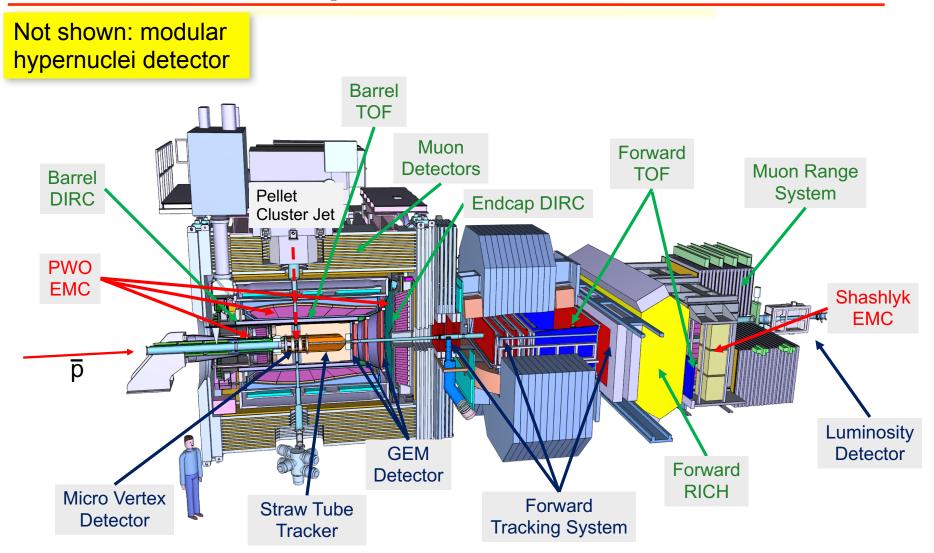


Physics staging at PANDA





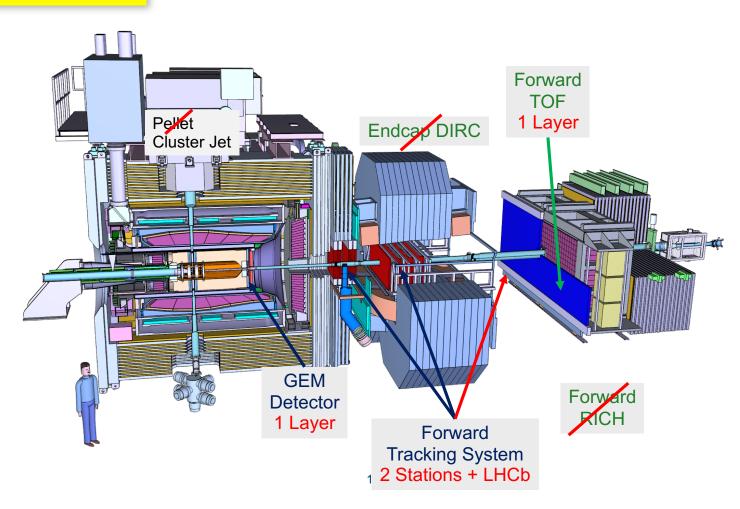
PANDA "full" setup





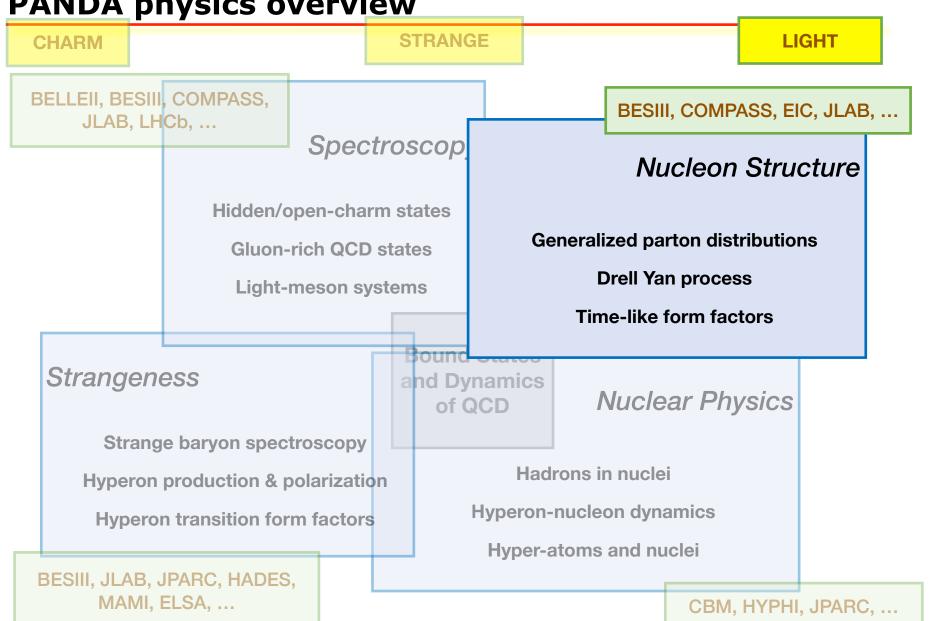
PANDA "startup" setup

Not shown: modular hypernuclei detector





PANDA physics overview





D

 $q^2>0$

arXiv:1606.01118

Transition Distribution Amplitudes

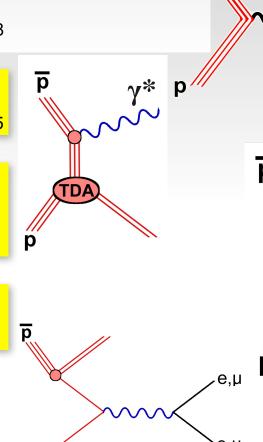
(meson production)

arXiv:1409.0865

Generalised Distribution Amplitudes

(time-like Compton, hard exclusive processes)

Transverse Parton Distribution Functions (Drell-Yan production)



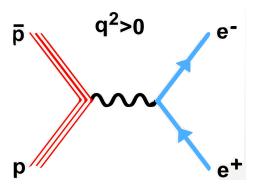


Analytical nature of form factors

EPJA 52 325 (2016)

Time-like Electromagnetic Form Factors
(lepton pair production)

arXiv:1606.01118



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta} = \frac{\pi\alpha^2}{2\beta s} \left[(1 + \cos^2\theta) |G_M|^2 + \frac{1}{\tau} \sin^2\theta |G_E|^2 \right]$$

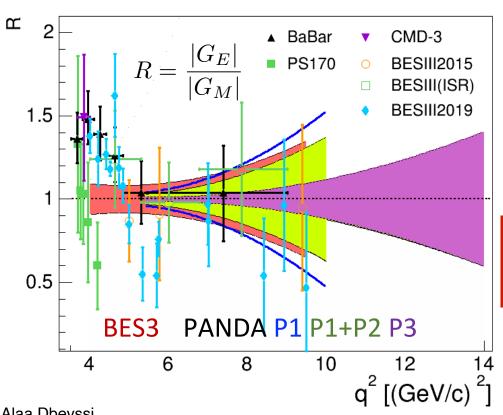


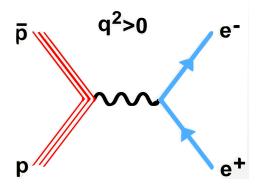
Analytical nature of form factors

EPJA 52 325 (2016)

Time-like Electromagnetic Form Factors

(lepton pair production) arXiv:1606.01118





Phase-1

pp → e⁺e⁻ @1.5 GeV/c ~ 220/day pp → e⁺e⁻ @3.3 GeV/c ~ 10/day

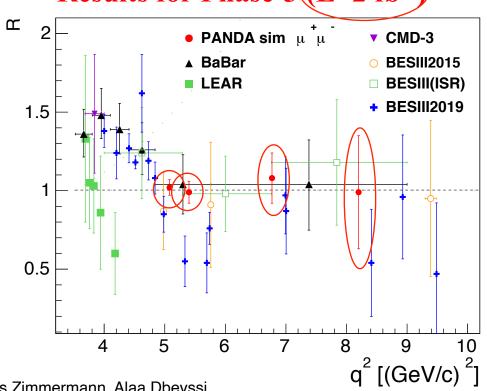
Alaa Dbeyssi

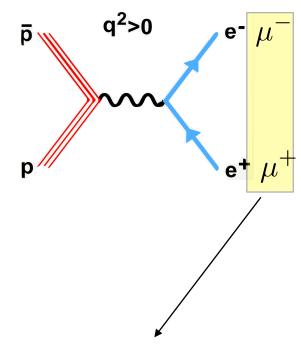


Analytical nature of form factors

Time-like Electromagnetic Form Factors (lepton pair production)

Results for Phase-3((L=2 fb⁻¹





Features:

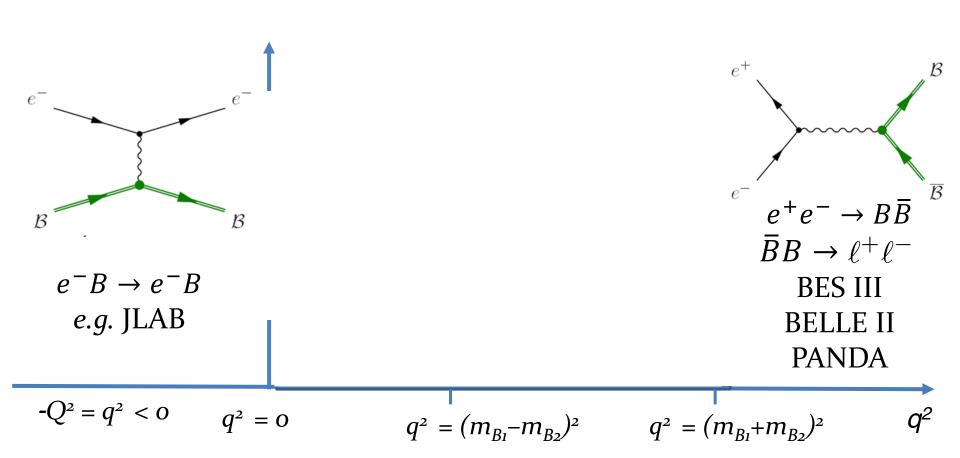
- Lepton universality
- Radiative corrections

EPJA 57, 30 (2021); arXiv:2006.16363

Iris Zimmermann, Alaa Dbeyssi



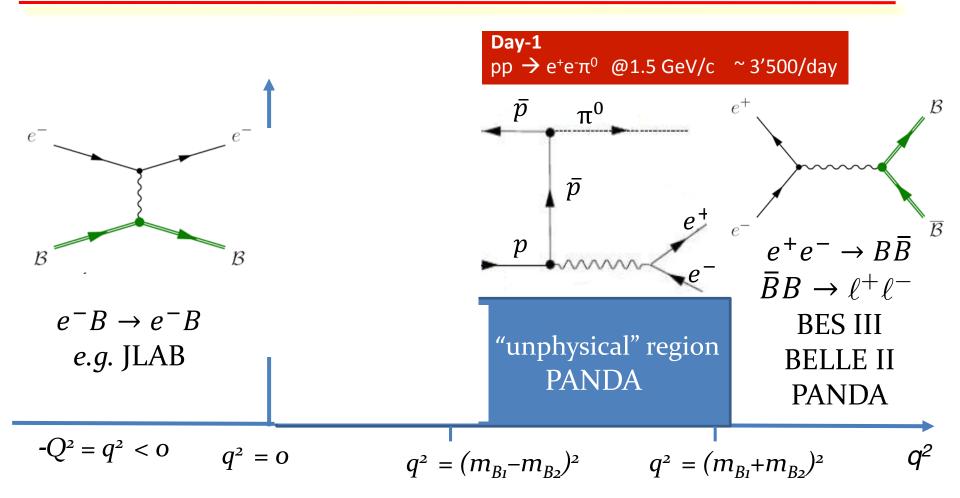
Form factors from space to time-like region



Space-like and time-like are related by dispersion theory!



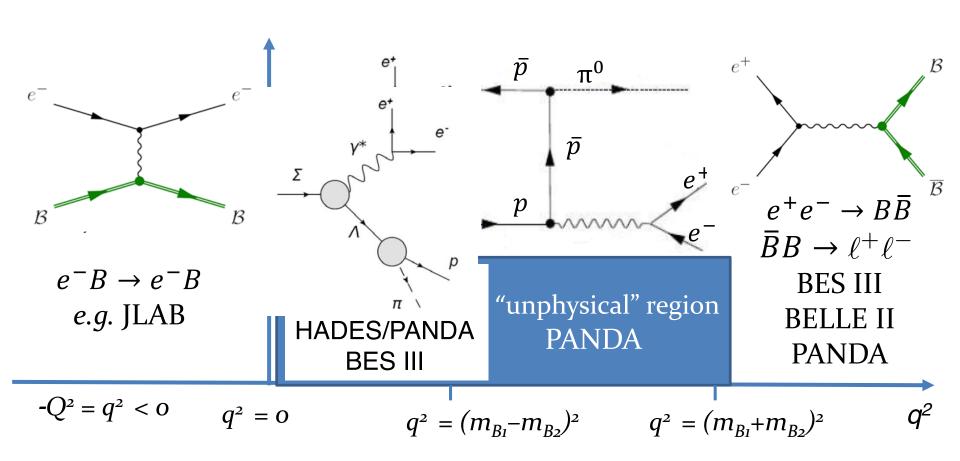
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Space-like and time-like are related by dispersion theory!



Form factors from space to time-like region



Space-like and time-like are related by dispersion theory!



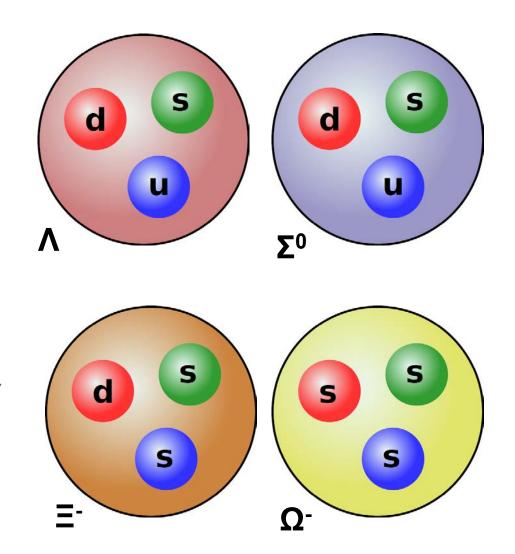
PANDA physics overview

STRANGE LIGHT **CHARM** BELLEII, BESIII, COMPASS, BESIII, COMPASS, EIC, JLAB, ... JLAB, LHCb, ... Spectroscopy Nucleon Structure Hidden/open-charm states **Generalized parton distributions** Gluon-rich QCD states **Drell Yan process Light-meson systems** Time-like form factors Strangeness nd Dynamics **Nuclear Physics** of QCD Strange baryon spectroscopy Hadrons in nuclei Hyperon production & polarization **Hyperon-nucleon dynamics Hyperon transition form factors** Hyper-atoms and nuclei BESIII, JLAB, JPARC, HADES, MAMI, ELSA, ... CBM, HYPHI, JPARC, ...



Exploring the hyperon sector

What happens if
we replace one of the
light quarks in the proton
with one - or many heavier quark(s)?



Courtesy: Karin Schoenning

d

u

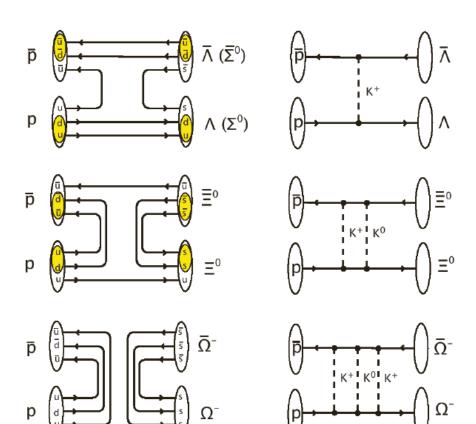
proton



Hyperon dynamics

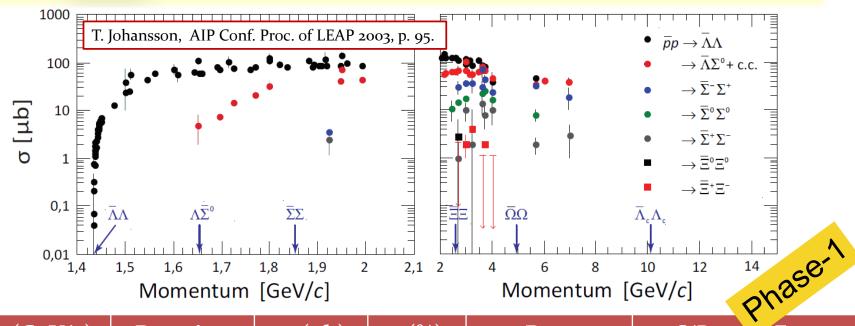
Strong production dynamics

- Relevant degrees of freedom?
- Strange *versus* charm sector?
- Role of spin?





PANDA is a hyperon factory!



p_{beam} (GeV/c)	Reaction	σ (μb)	ε (%)	Rate @ 10 ³¹ cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	S/B	Events /day
1.64	$\bar{p}p \to \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$	64.0	16.0	44 S ⁻¹	114	$3.8 \cdot 10^6$
1.77	$\bar{p}p \to \bar{\Sigma}^0 \Lambda$	10.9	5.3	2.4 S ⁻¹	>11**	207 000
6.0	$\bar{p}p \to \bar{\Sigma}^0 \Lambda$	20	6.1	5.0 S ⁻¹	21	432 000
4.6	$\bar{p}p \to \bar{\Xi}^+\Xi^-$	~1	8.2	0.3-1	274	26000
7.0	$\bar{p}p o \bar{\Xi}^+ \Xi^-$	~0.3	7.9	0.1 ⁻¹	65	8600

Courtesy: Karin Schoenning

** 90% C.L.

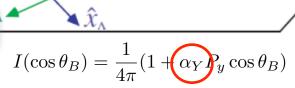


PANDA is a hyperon factory!

Rich set of polarisation observables

(double) strange and charm baryons

Explore hyperon dynamics above 4 GeV



BESIII, Nature Physics 15, 631 (2019)

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Courtesy: Karin Schoenning

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PANDA is a hyperon factory!

EPJA in print, arXiv:2009.11582

Rich set of polarisation observables

(double) strange and charm baryons

Explore hyperon dynamics above 4 GeV

Day-1:

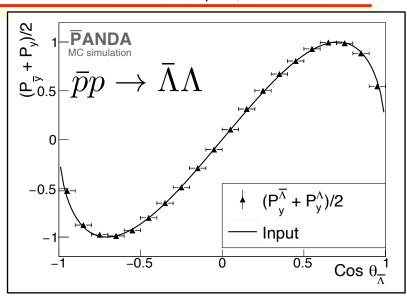
Reproduce LEAR studies @1.64 GeV/c

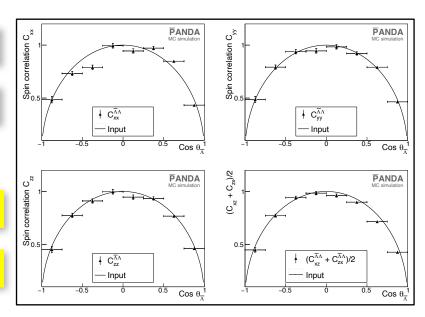
Extend at 4 GeV/c and for |S|=2 hyperons

Phase-1:

Spin correlations in |S|=1,2

Extend to |S|=3 and charm hyperons





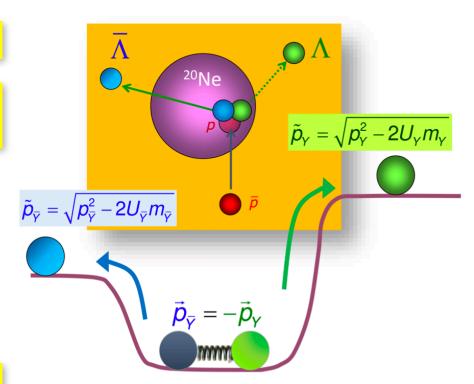


Antihyperons in nuclei @ Phase-1

Josef Pochodzalla

Phase-1: antihyperon optical potential

Exploit abundantly produced hyperonantihyperon pairs near threshold



Momentum asymmetry measurements:

$$\alpha_T = \frac{p_T(Y) - p_T(\overline{Y})}{p_T(Y) + p_T(\overline{Y})}, \qquad \alpha_L = \frac{p_L(Y) - p_L(\overline{Y})}{p_L(Y) + p_L(\overline{Y})}.$$



Antihyperons in nuclei @ Phase-1

Josef Pochodzalla

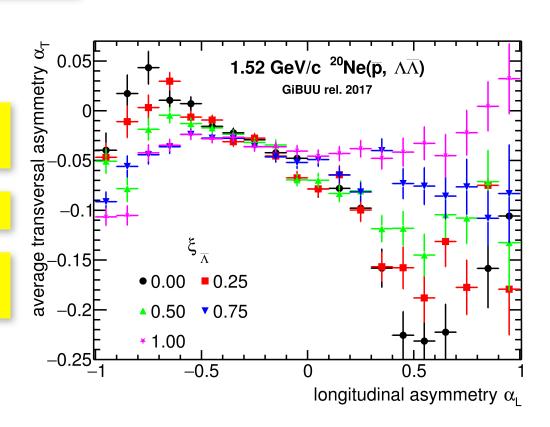
Phase-1: antihyperon optical potential

Exploit abundantly produced hyperonantihyperon pairs near threshold

Spectrum: ~12 hours of beam time at interaction rates 10⁶ s⁻¹

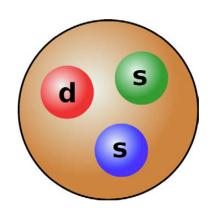
Striking sensitivity to potential

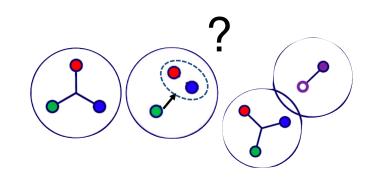
First step towards hyperatom and hypernuclei program





Hyperon spectroscopy





- PDG: "[...] nothing of significance on ≡ resonances has been added since our 1988 edition"*
- Phase-1: 20 events/s produced
- Good background suppression through tracking

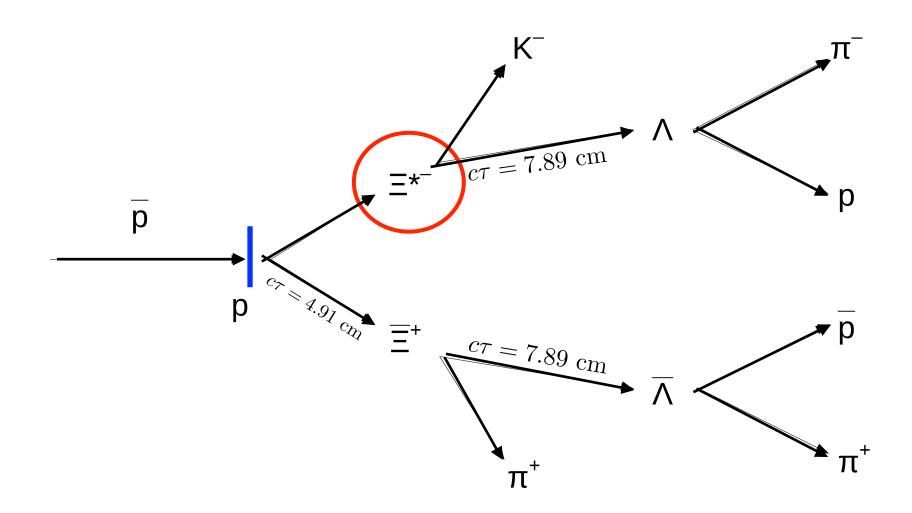
Particle	J^P	Overall status
$\Xi(1318)$ $\Xi(1530)$ $\Xi(1620)$ $\Xi(1690)$ $\Xi(1820)$ $\Xi(1950)$ $\Xi(2030)$ $\Xi(2120)$	$\frac{3}{1/2+}$ $\frac{3}{2+}$ $\frac{3}{2-}$	**** *** *** *** *** ***
$\Xi(2250)$ $\Xi(2370)$ $\Xi(2500)$		** **

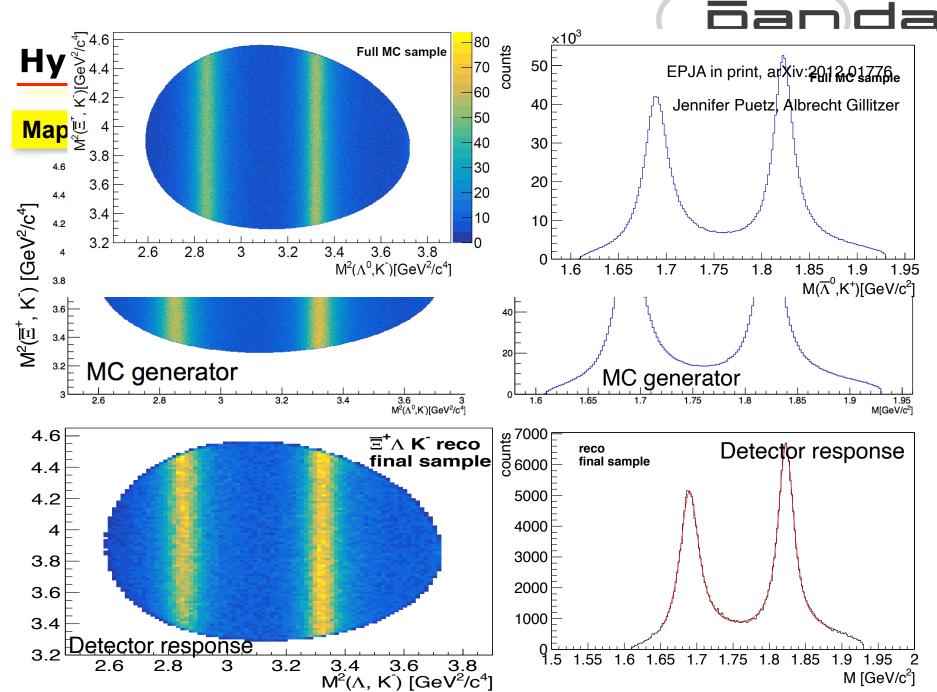
M. Tanabashi et al. (Particle Data Group), Phys. Rev. D 98, 030001 (2018)

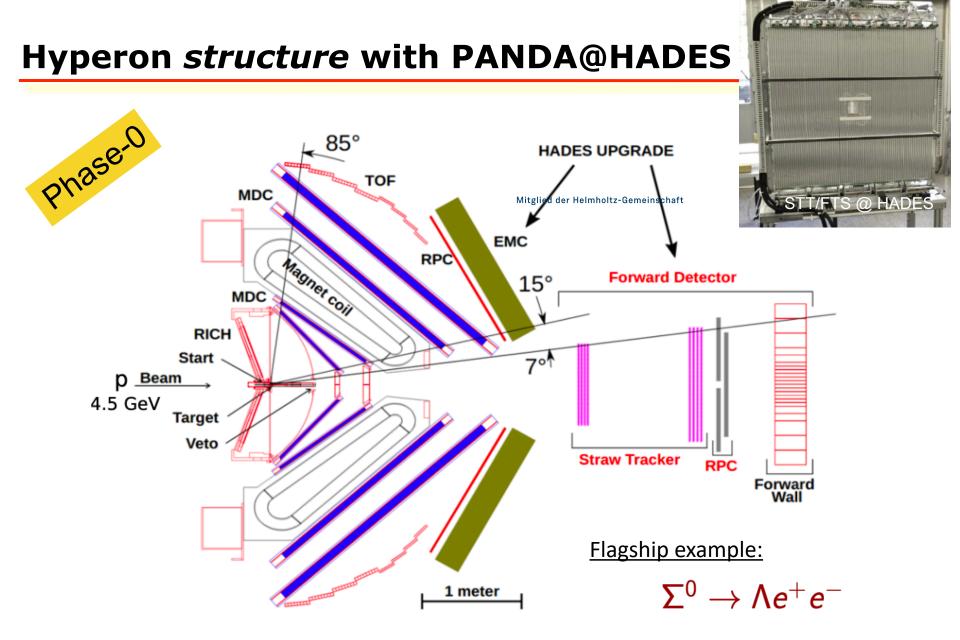


Hyperon spectroscopy

Map out the |S|=2 excited baryon spectrum



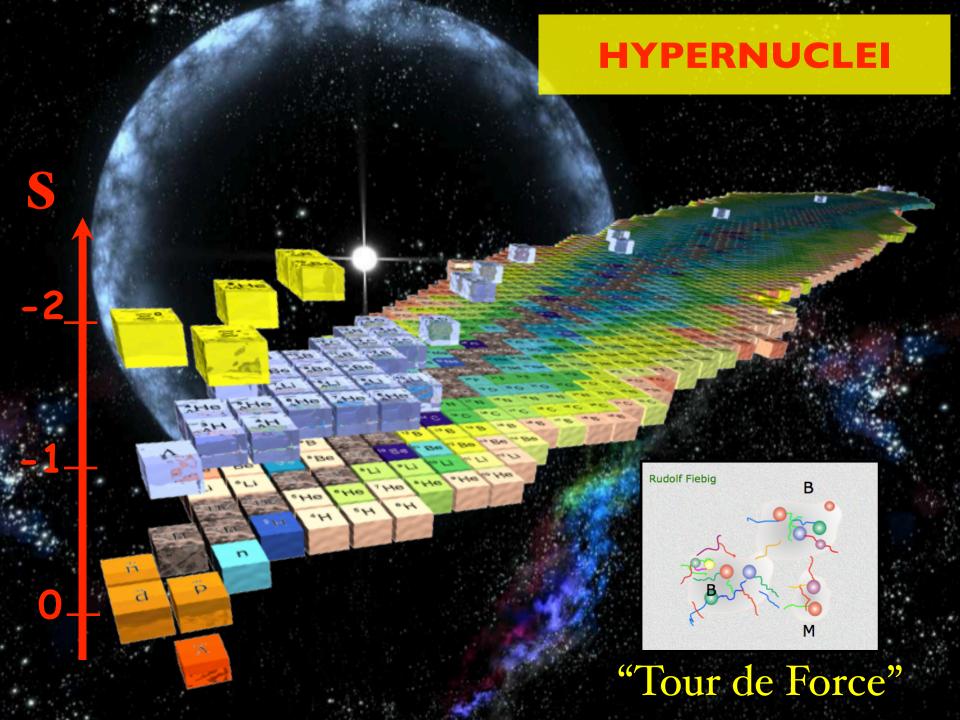






PANDA physics overview

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 Ξ^{-} production $\overline{p}N \rightarrow \Xi^{-}\overline{\Xi}$

rescattering in primary target nucleus

Phase 1/ Day 1

deceleration in secondary target

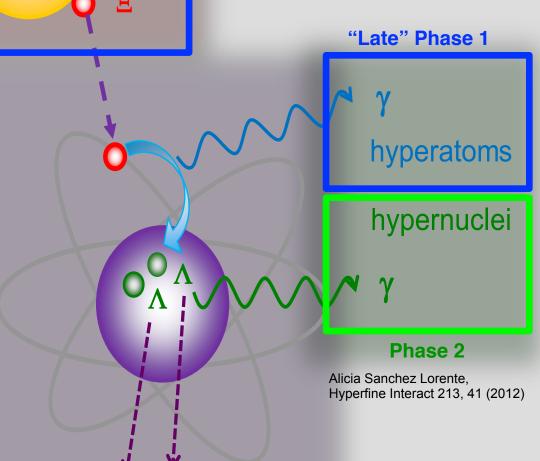
capture of Ξ

atomic cascade of E

 $\Xi^-p \rightarrow \Lambda\Lambda$ conversion fragmentation \rightarrow excited $\Lambda\Lambda$ -nucleus

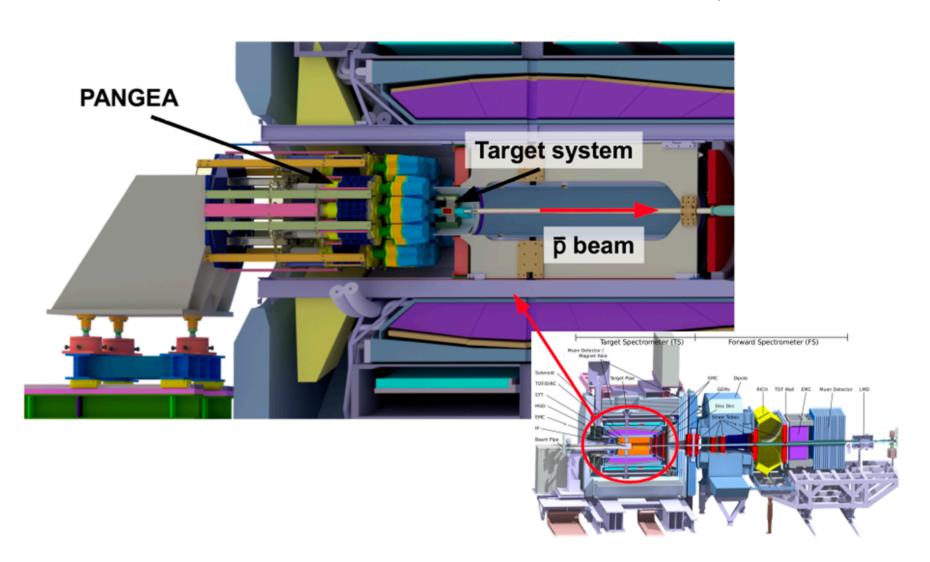
 γ -decay of $\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernuclei

weak pionic decay



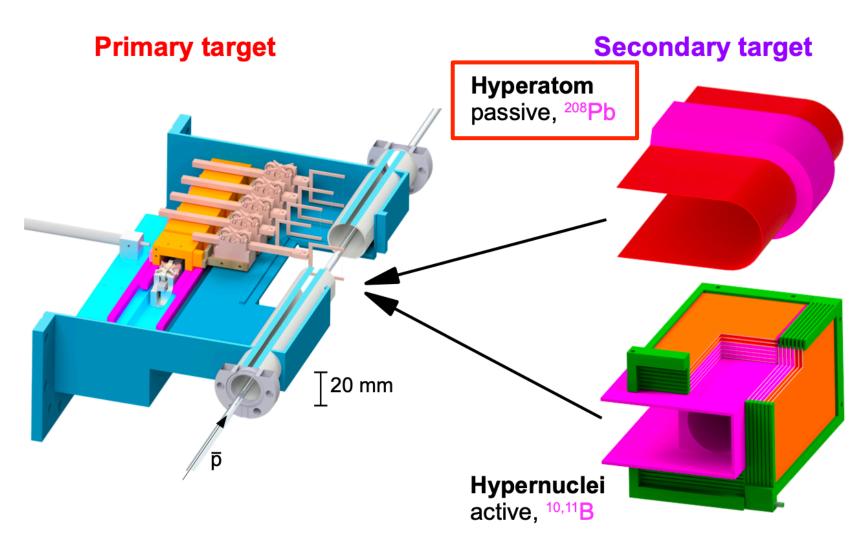


Hyperatom/nucleus setup





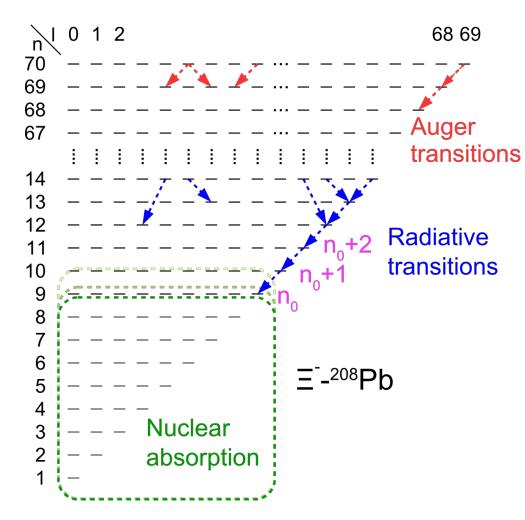
Hyperatom/nucleus setup





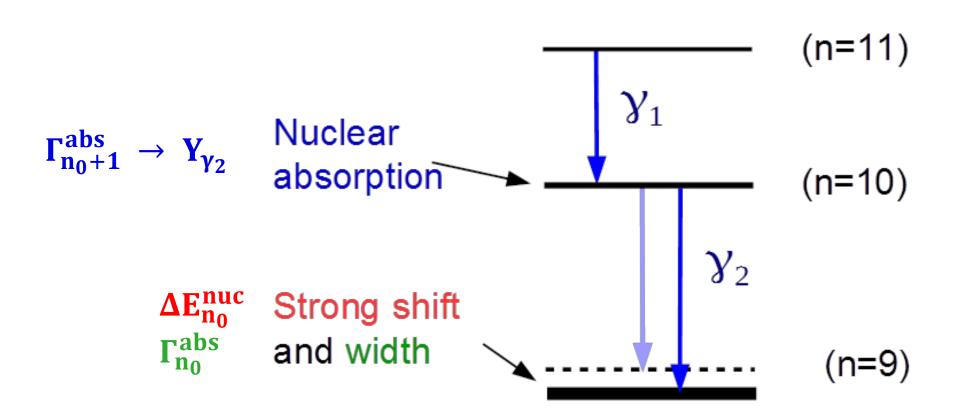
Hyperatoms - the basic concepts

- Hyperon puzzle in neutron stars
- $m_{\text{red,}\Xi} \approx 2570 \, m_{\text{red,e}}$
- High initial (n,l) states
- X-ray energy to keV-MeV
 - → Germanium detectors
- Radius of states: $r \propto \frac{n^2}{m_{red}}$
 - → Nuclear interaction in neutron rich periphery
 - \rightarrow Measurement of V_{Ξ}



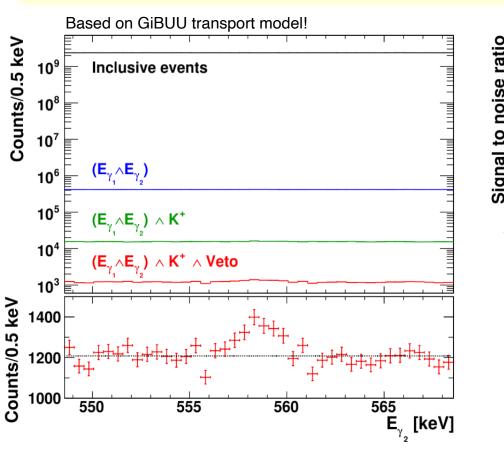


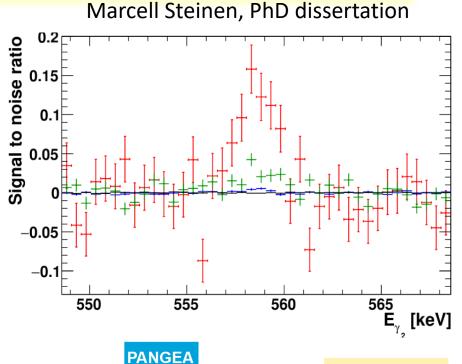
Hyperatoms - the observables



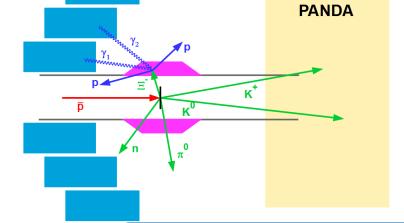
panda

Hyperatoms - the expected signal



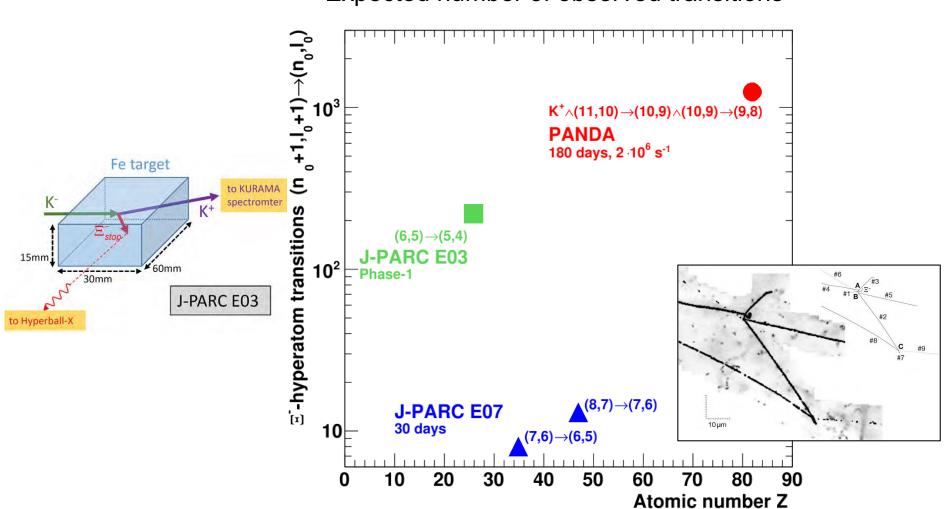


- Signals after cuts (180 days): 1237
- Signal efficiency: 0.9 %
- Background suppression : 2.10⁶



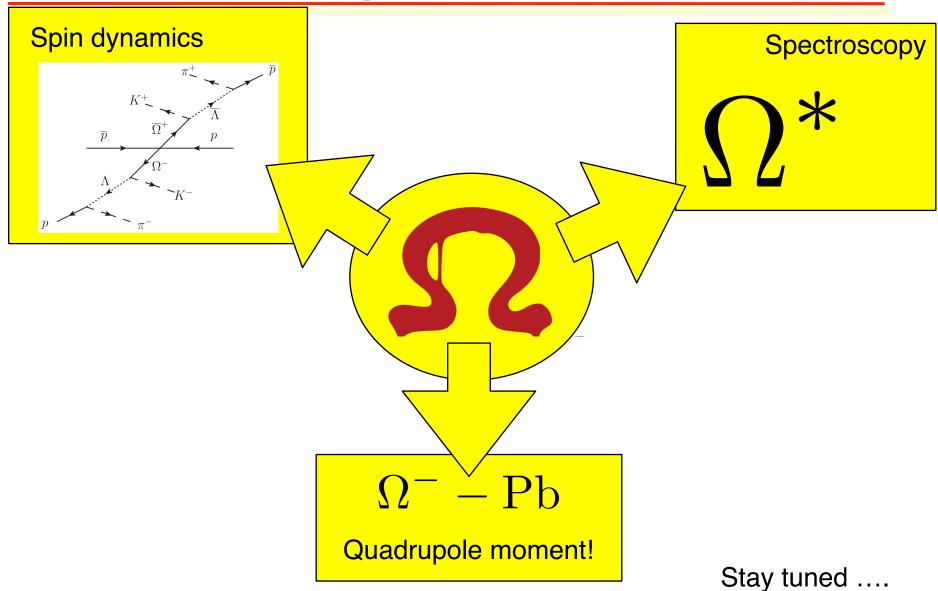
Marcell Steinen, PhD dissertation

Expected number of observed transitions





We have follow-up ambitions!



Strangeness Studies with PANDA at Phase One

PANDA covers particle, hadron, and nuclear aspects

- quark d.o.f.: from light to heavy
- gluon d.o.f.: glueballs, hybrids, etc.
- meson-baryon d.o.f.: B-B interaction in SU(3)

... is complementary and competitive

- unique antiproton facility
- versatile detector

Review "PANDA Phase One": see arXiv:2101.11877

... follows a staged approach

- driven by step-wise luminosity/detector upgrades
- with a broad program at each phase

... with a rich "strangeness" program @ Phase One